How to.....

Collecting our stories of people and place



Preparing wine bottles, Mt Lebanon Vineyards. Henderson, c1930

K. A. Corban. Private Collection





Interview with Helena Ataya (2003), interviewer Corrine Oemcke, Auckland Libraries Oral History Collection, WOH-1002



What is Oral History?

Oral History Recordings capture the recollections and memories of a person's lived experiences.

This is done through a *planned* interview.

The *process* is important.

Good *practice* creates lasting historical records that allow for future generations to access and enjoy.



Value of Oral History

Oral History interviews *supplement & add value* to official records.

Easier for most people to tell their life story than it is to write a memoir or auto/biography



Planning

- What is the scope of the project?
 Topic/events or life histories
- Who are you interviewing?
 Diverse voices
- Where will it be deposited? Ensure future access, social history



Interviewing skills

Attributes – good listener, empathy, organised, curiosity

Skill – know equipment, preparation/research

Best Practice – non verbal listening, confidentiality, care with recording



Preparation for interview

- Approach to narrators
- Knowing your equipment
- Pre-interview meeting



Agreement Form

Why have one?

- protects and reassures the narrator
- gives recording value as a research document
- allows repositories to manage the recording for perpetuity

Use NOHANZ generic form

Some repositories/commissioners provide forms

www.oralhistory.org.nz - website for form and explanatory notes



Ethics and Practice

Code of Ethical and Technical Practice

Available online at

www.oralhistory.org.nz





ZOOM H4N available at Libraries













